

Semester III

INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**DSC-5**

Course Title: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	Duration of ESA/Exam: 2 Hours
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Summative Assessment Marks: 60+40= 100

Course Objective:

The course will explain the functioning of the Indian government and the performance of both the union and the state governments. It discusses the philosophy of our constitution and the commitment of the Indian state to its citizenry. It will help the students to develop interest in politics and grasp the dynamics/nuances of the politics, dynamics of leadership and the role of socio-economic, religious and lingual issues.

Learning Outcome:

At the end of the course the students shall -

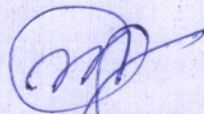
- Learn how the governments both at the union as well state level operates and what are its challenges.
- Understand the characteristics of power structures in India and the response of the political parties to the socio-political dynamics.
- Measure and understand the effects of judicial decisions on policy making and social development in India.

Unit	Contents of Course-5	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1: Indian Politics: Approaches to study of State and politics in India (Liberal, Marxist and Gandhian).</p> <p>Chapter-2: Constituent Assembly- Composition and Major Debates regarding the Structure of Indian State.</p> <p>Chapter-3: Preamble and Salient Features of Indian Constitution.</p>	15 Hours

Unit-II	<p>Chapter-4: The Union Executive: The President, Vice-President, Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers.</p> <p>Chapter-5:Parliament: Powers and Functions of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Relationship between the two Chambers, Amendment Process and Major Amendments (42nd, 73rd, 74th, 86th and 101st).</p> <p>Chapter-6: Judiciary and Judicial Review, Appellate Authority. Basic Structure of the Indian Constitution and debates.</p>	15 Hours
Unit- III	<p>Chapter-7: Nature of Indian Political System, Union-State Relations (Commissions and Committees), President's Rule: Processes and politics.</p> <p>Chapter-8:Ideology of - National Political Parties, Regional Political Parties, Coalition Politics and Elections in Indian Politics.</p> <p>Chapter-9: Issues in Indian Democracy: Caste, Religion, Communalism, Regionalism, Criminalization, Terrorism, Social and Distributive Justice.</p>	15 Hours

Exercise:

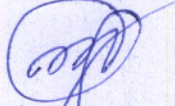
- Debate on the 'basic structure of Indian Constitution' and the need for changes in the constitution, functioning of the Constitution-Cases regard to Governor and President's Rule.
- List out the major amendments to the constitution, Commission and committee to review power sharing.
- Examine the functioning of various political parties, its inclusive approaches, influence of dynasties on their performance.



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Suggested Readings

1. Iqbal Narain, State Politics in India, Meenakshi Prakashan, New Delhi, 1967.
2. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Longman, 1970.
3. D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1980.
4. Granville Austin, The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation, Oxford University Press, India, 1966.
5. C. P. Bhambhari, The Indian State, Fifty Years, New Delhi, Shipra, 1997.
6. V. Pylee, Constitutional Government in India, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1977.
7. J. C. Johri, Indian Government and Politics, Vol. 1, Shoban Lal and Company, India, 2012.
8. Weiner, Party Politics in India, Princeton University Press, 1957.
9. A. G. Noorani, Constitutional Questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
10. A.S. Narang, Indian Government and Politics, Geetanjali Publishing House, New Delhi, 1996.
11. Bidyut Chakrabarty & Rajendra Kumar Pandey, Indian Government and Politics, SAGE, New Delhi, 2008
12. D.D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, 25th Edition, LexisNexis, India, 2021.
13. M.P. Singh & Rekha Saxena, Indian Politics: Contemporary issues and Concerns, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi, 2008.
14. M. V. Pylee, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Vikas, 1998.
15. Nirja Gopal Jayal & Pratap Bhanu Mehta, The Oxford Companion to Politics in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2010.
16. Sunder Raman. Indian Government and Politics, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1988.
17. C. P. Bhambhari, The Indian State Since Independence: 70 Years, New Delhi, Shipra, 2017.


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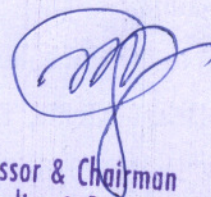
Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Assessment Test-1	10
Seminar/Presentation/Group Discussion	10
Assessment Test-2	10
Assignment	10
Total	40

Sd/-

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PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURES IN INDIA

DSC-6

Course Title: PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURES IN INDIA	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	Duration of ESA/Exam: 2 Hours
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Summative Assessment Marks: 60+40=100

Course Objective:

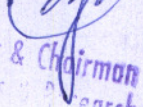
The course attempts to make the students familiar with legislative practices in India with an orientation to equip them with the adequate skills of participation in deliberative processes and democratic decision making. This aims at providing the basic understanding of the constitutional provisions relating to parliamentary procedures and the accessories of the same. This will help the students to understand the working of democracy through an institutional mechanism.

Learning Outcome:

At the end of the course the students shall -

- Aim at understanding the procedural aspects of parliamentary system of governments.
- Learn about the privileges of people's representatives and match it with their performance.
- Understand the working of committees, budgetary aspects and deliberative mechanism within the parliament.

Unit	Contents of Course-6	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1: Elections to the Legislatures: Parliament and State Legislatures.</p> <p>Chapter-2: Powers, Functions and Privileges of People's Representatives - Members of Parliament and State Legislature.</p>	


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	Chapter-3: Legislative Procedures of the Parliament: Articles 107-122.	
Unit-II	<p>Chapter-4: Kinds of Bills: Ordinary Bills, Money Bills, Finance Bills and Private Member Bills.</p> <p>Chapter-5: Drafting of the Bill, First Reading and Departmental Standing Committee, Second Reading, Third Reading, Passage of the Bill, Consent by the President and Gazette Notifications.</p> <p>Chapter-6: Parliamentary Committees: Composition and Functioning (Departmental Standing Committees, Select Committees, Joint Parliamentary Committees, Public Accounts Committee on Privilege Business, Advisory Committee and Ethics Committee).</p>	15 Hours
Unit-III	<p>Chapter-7: Motions and Hours in the House : Question Hour, Zero Hour, Half an Hour Discussion, Calling Attention Motion, Adjournment Motion, Privilege motion, Censure motion, 'No-confidence' motion and Cut motion.</p> <p>Chapter-8: Parliamentary Questions: Types, Starred and Unstarred Questions, Questions Addressed to Private Members and Short Notice Questions.</p> <p>Chapter-9: Parliamentary Privileges: Constitutional Provisions, Codification of Privileges, Privileges of Parliamentarians and Legislators and Breach of Privilege.</p>	15 Hours

Exercise:

- The college can organise mock parliaments and teach students the etiquettes of parliamentary behaviour.
- Can organise debates on the codification of privileges and match it with the performance of people's representatives.
- Can organise special lectures by inviting officers/bureaucrats to deliberate on the procedural aspects of democracy.

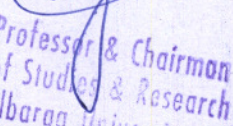

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Suggested Readings

1. M.N. Kaul and S.L. Shakdher, Practice and Procedure of Parliament, Metropolitan, New Delhi, 1968.
2. Subhash C. Kashyap, Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi, 2021.
3. S H. Belavadi, Theory and Practice of Parliamentary Procedure in India, 1988.
4. Study Material on Parliamentary Practices and Procedures. Lok Sabha Secretariat Parliamentary Research and Training Institute for Democracies (Erstwhile BPST), New Delhi.
5. Apoorva Shankar and Shreya Singh, Parliamentary Procedures A Primer Rajya Sabha, PRS Legislative Research, 2015.
6. ಅಲೆಕ್ಸಾಂಡರ್ ಡಿ. ಲೆಕ್ಸಿ, ನೆಮ್ ಗ್ರಾಂಪಿಂಗ್ ಒಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೆಳಕಂಡು, ಲೆಕ್ಸಿ, National Book Trust, India, 2015.
7. Dr. K. S. Chauhan, Parliament Powers Functions And Privileges, LexisNexis, India, 2013.
8. Ajit Ranjan Mukharjea, Parliamentary Procedure in India, Oxford University Press, 1958.
9. M N. Kaul, Parliamentary Institutions and Procedures, National Publishing House, 1978.
10. Jalan, India's Politics, Penguin, New Delhi, 2007.
11. Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam M. A., Indian Government and Politics, Pearson, New Delhi, 2011.
12. Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P, Indian Government and Politics, Sage, New Delhi, 2006.
13. K. Sanyal, Strengthening Parliamentary Committees, PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, 2011.

Available at:

<http://www.prsindia.org/administrator/uploads/media/Conference%202011/Strengthening%20Parliamentary%20Committees.pdf>.


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Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, and Mock Parliaments as Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Assessment Test-1	10
Seminar/Presentation/Group Discussion	10
Assessment Test-2	10
Assignment	10
Total	40

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GENDER AND POLITICS**Open Elective- OE- 3.1**

Course Title: GENDER AND POLITICS	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	Duration of ESA/Exam: 2 Hours
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Summative Assessment Marks: 60+40=100

Course Objective:

The course provides an overview of political participation of women in general and specifically in India. It enables students to understand the issues related to women leadership, participation and governance and how they have progressively become integrated into political science to inform and shape contemporary social sciences. It helps in sensitizing the patriarchal society to improve the relationship between men and women removing the obstacles of exploitation, violation of her rights, bringing into focus the need for the education and empowerment.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students shall -

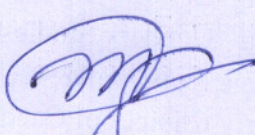
- Answer how ideologies have shaped the women in politics
- Bring awareness of the relevance of gender issues in politics.
- Through discussions on women and governance understand the ground realities about politics in relation to women.

Unit	Contents of Course-OE-3.1	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1: Defining Gender, Significance of Gender Studies, Difference between Gender Studies and Women Studies, Feminist Perspectives (with reference to India), Opportunities and Constraints (Party Choices of Candidates, Social Taboos and Stereotypes).</p> <p>Chapter-2: Gender Imbalance in Political Representation and Electoral Process, Gender Discrimination in Indian Politics -</p>	15 Hours

	including LGBTQ, Feminist Critique of Politics. Chapter-3: Governance and Gender Structures, Gender Budgeting and Gender Issues in Governance.	
Unit-II	Chapter-4: Gender and Empowerment Process: Education, Economic, Political and Socializing and sensitizing gender issues. Chapter-5: Gender Differentiation in Political Parties and Leadership, Challenging Gender Stereotypes in Socio-Political sphere. Chapter-6: Capacity Building and Role of Women in Karnataka Politics, Women Representation in Local Governments.	15 Hours
Unit- III	Chapter-7: Women and Poverty, Women and Health, Women and wealth creation, Violence against Women, Women and Armed Conflict. Chapter-8: Women and Literature, Women and the Media, Women and the Environment. Chapter-9: Women and Societal Challenges: Dowry, Domestic Violence, Girl Child - Programmes for Empowerment of Women, Educating children and socio-religious taboos including patriarchy.	15 Hours

Exercise:

- Conduct one day workshop and make an assessment of role of women in politics.
- Collage making, short films and video watching can be done by the students and measures can be discussed to minimise the gender gap.
- Students can make field visits to understand the persistent of patriarchal values and traditions.


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Suggested Readings

1. P.K.Swaib and S.N.Tripathy, "Unequal Treatment to Women and Gender", Bias, Sonali Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
2. Malashrilal, Chandra Mohan, Enakshi K.Sharma, Devika Khanna Narula and Amrit Kaur Basra, "Gender and Diversity", Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2015.
3. Andrew Heywood, "Global Politics", Palgrave Macmillan Publication, New York, 2014.
4. Kranti Rana, "Modern Working Women and the Development Debate", Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1998.
5. Dr.Tanuja Trivedi, "Encyclopedia of Women's Empowerment", Janapada Prakashan, New Delhi, 2012.
6. Bhaswati Das and VimalKhawas, "Gender Issues in Development –Concerns for the 21st century", Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2009.
7. U. Kalpagam, "Gender and Development in India: Current Issues", Rawat Publication, 2011.
8. B.N.Singh, "Rural Women and Education," vista International Publishing House, Delhi, 2016.
9. Meera Kosambi, "Women writing Gender", Permanent Block Publication, New Delhi, 2012.
10. Brush, Lisa D., Gender and Governance, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2007.
11. Sangeeta Bharadwaj, "Gender, Social Structure and Empowerment Status Report of Women in India", Rawat Publication, 2009.
12. Dr.Tapan Biswal, "Human Rights Gender and Environment", Viva Books Private Ltd, New Delhi, 2006.
13. Dr. S. Murty, "Women and Employment", RBSA Publishers, Jaipur, 2001.
14. Singh, Narpat, 'Changing Status of Women' Vista International Publishing House, Delhi, 2008.
15. Anuradhamathu, "Gender and Development in India", Kalpaz Publication, Delhi, 2008.
16. M.Bahati Kumba, "Gender and Social Movements", Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 2003.
17. Saxena, Alka, Women and Political Leadership, Altar Publishing House, New Delhi, 2011.

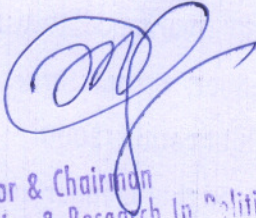
Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Assessment Test-1	10
Seminar/Presentation/Group Discussion	10
Assessment Test-2	10
Assignment	10
Total	40

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Unit	Contents of Course- OE-3.2	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1: Background Influences: Historical: South Africa, Intellectual: Thoreau, Ruskin and Tolstoy.</p> <p>Chapter-2: Gandhian Experiments: Satyagraha, Non-Violence, Truth, Movements led by Gandhi- Champaran, Bardoli, Khilafat, Non- Cooperation, Salt Satyagraha.</p> <p>Chapter-3: Social Movements- Ahmedabad Mill Strike, Vaikom Satyagraha, Forest, Health and Naturopathy and Sustainable Development.</p>	15 Hours
Unit-II	<p>Chapter-4: Gandhi as a Leader: Gandhi as a model, Gandhian Methodology: Prayer, Consensus Building and Fasting.</p> <p>Chapter-5: Gandhian Views on Politics: Role of Ethics, Morality, Religion and Service.</p> <p>Chapter-6: Gandhi's critique on English Parliament, Gandhi on Nation and Nationalism.</p>	15 Hours
Unit- III	<p>Chapter-7: Gandhi on Swadeshi and Swaraj, Critique on Modern Civilization, Modern Education and Machines.</p> <p>Chapter-8: Gandhi on Violence (Doctrine of the Sword) Gandhi and Sins, Gandhi's views on Women.</p> <p>Chapter-9: Gandhi as Political Strategist, Gandhi's Views on Hindu-Muslim Relation, Cow Protection, Untouchability and Caste Question.</p>	15 Hours

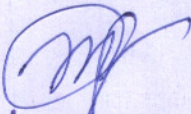
Exercise:

- Students shall have a group reading of Gandhiji's texts like Hindswarj, My Experiment with truth, Sarvodaya, etc,
- Shall conduct the group discussion on the significance of Satyagraha, Sustainable Development, Swadeshi, etc.
- By reviewing literature on Gandhian critiques students can discuss the strengths and weakness of Gandhian Philosophy and his relevance in 21st century.


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Suggested Readings

1. Lal, V, The Gandhi Everyone Loves to Hate, Economic and Political Weekly, 43(40), 2008, pp. 55-64.
2. Power, P, Towards a Re-Evaluation of Gandhi's Political thought. The Western Political Quarterly, 16(1), 1963, pp. 99-108.
3. Gandhi, M. K, Hind Swaraj, Navajivan Publishing House, Ahmedabad, 1939, pp 49-55.
4. Indian Council for Historical Research, The Logic of Gandhian Nationalism Civil Disobedience and the Gandhi- Irwin Pact, 1930-31, Indian Historical Review, 1976.
5. Dey, A. Islam and Gandhi: A Historical Perspective. Social Scientist, 41(3/4), 2013, pp. 19- 34.
6. Chandra, B, Gandhiji, Secularism and Communalism. Social Scientist, 32(1/2), 2004, pp. 3-29.
8. Parekh, B, The Critique of Modernity In Gandhi: A Brief Insight, Sterling Publishing Company, Delhi, 1997. pp. 63-74.
9. Heredia, R, Interpreting Gandhi's Hind Swaraj, Economic and Political Weekly, 34(24), 1999. pp. 1497-1502.
10. Parel, A. J. (Ed.), Introduction. In: Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule, Vistaar Publication, Delhi, 2002.
11. Kumar, R. Class, Community or Nation? Gandhi's Quest for a popular consensus in India, Modern Asian Studies, 3(4), 1969, 357-376.
12. Parel, A.J. (Ed), Introduction. In: Gandhi, Freedom and Self Rule, Vistaar Publication, Delhi, 2002.
15. Sarah Claerhout Gandhi, Conversion, and the Equality of Religions: more experiments with truth, Numen-International Review for the History of Religions, 61(1), 2014, p.53-82.
16. Collected Works of Mahatma Gandhi Hindu-Muslim Tension: Its Cause and Cure, Young India, 1924, pp. 58-59.
17. Collected Works of Mahatma Gandhi: Save the Cow, Young India, 1921.
18. <http://www.gandhiashramsevagram.org/gandhi-literature/mahatma-gandhi-collected-works-volume-23.pdf>.


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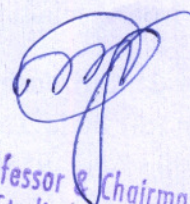
Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Assessment Test-1	10
Seminar/Presentation/Group Discussion	10
Assessment Test-2	10
Assignment	10
Total	40

Sd/-

Subject Committee Chairperson



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CITIZEN, CITIZENSHIP AND THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION**Open Elective OE- 3.3**

Course Title: CITIZEN, CITIZENSHIP AND THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	Duration of ESA/Exam: 2 Hours
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Summative Assessment Marks: 60+40=100

Course Objective:

This course aims at understanding the concept of citizenship. This course supports to develop an understanding of mindfulness, empathy and compassion and use these as tools to enhance one's emotional wellbeing and social relationships within a society. It further helps nation building by inculcating responsible citizenship among the students.

Learning Outcome:

At the end of the course the students shall -

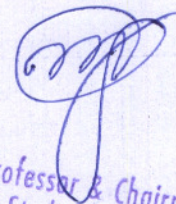
- Take part in social reconstruction as responsible individuals and will learn to develop own identities.
- Demonstrate pro-social behaviour towards others, including those belonging to a different race, ethnicity, culture, colour, gender or nationality.
- Understand and appreciate rights and privacy of other fellow citizens.

Unit	Contents of Course- OE- 3.3	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1:Concept of Citizen: Subject- Slave-Citizen: a Comparison, Aspirational Citizenship.</p> <p>Chapter-2: Citizenship in India: Milestones- Citizenship and Partition of India (Nehru and Liyaqat Ali Khan Pact) The Citizenship Act, 1955, The Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 1986, The Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2003 and 2005, National Register of Citizens (NRC).</p> <p>Chapter-3:Citizens and Constitutional Provisions: Fundamental Rights and Duties, Socio-Economic and Cultural</p>	15 Hours

	Rights.	
Unit-II	<p>Chapter-4: Citizenship Issues in India: Laws for Immigrants, Laws for Migrants and Asylum seekers, Process of acquiring Citizenship.</p> <p>Chapter-5: Dual Citizenship: Needs and Demands- Impact of Globalization, Advantages of Dual Citizenship.</p> <p>Chapter-6: IPC and Citizens Rights: First Information Report, Arrest, Detention, Bail Provisions, Sedition Act, Citizen and Civic Culture.</p>	15 Hours
Unit- III	<p>Chapter-7: Citizen and His Responsibility: Constitutional Provisions, Local Acts, Right to Privacy, Role of NGO's.</p> <p>Chapter-8: Citizen and Discrimination: Caste, Gender (LGBTQ), language, Race, Color, Place of Origin.</p> <p>Chapter-9: Protection of Citizens: Women and Property Rights, Rights of Forest Dwellers and Displaced People (War, Natural Calamities and Rehabilitation) and Universal Declaration of Human Rights.</p>	15 Hours

Exercise:

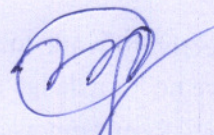
- Students and teachers collectively work towards building communication network among vulnerable citizens who have no knowledge about their own rights.
- Through activities they may form empowering groups and support immigrants/ migrants resolve their legal issues with authorities like police and government.
- They may visit courts, police stations, regional passport offices and spread the laws relating to migrants, immigrants regarding their rights.



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Suggested Readings

1. Marcus Raskin, 'Nation Building and Citizenship: Studies of our Changing order' Rutledge India, New Delhi, 1996.
2. Atul Kolhi, 'Democracy and Discontent: India's growing crises of Governability, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
3. Atul Kolhi, The success of India Democracy, Cambridge University Press, 2001.
4. Savitaha Rao, India's Positive Citizen Building- A Great Nation One Action At A Time, Wings Publishing, Bangalore, 2020.
5. Anupama Roy, 'Mapping Citizenship in India', (Oxford India short introductions), Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2012.
6. Nirag Gopal Jayal, 'Citizenship and its Discontents', Harvard University Press, 2013.
7. Ornit Shani, 'How India become a democratic citizenship and making of the Universal Franchise', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2017.
8. Koenig Lion, 'Cultural Citizenship in India; Politics Power and Media', Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2016.
9. Blog.mygov.in/we-the-people-we-the-citizen.
10. Subrata .K.Mitra, 'Citizenship as cultural flow, structure agency and flow', e-Book, 2013, springer link.



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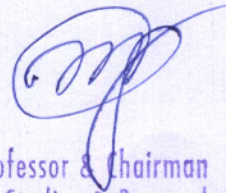
Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Assessment Test-1	10
Seminar/Presentation/Group Discussion	10
Assessment Test-2	10
Assignment	10
Total	40

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